This course is intended to introduce examiners to the Examiner Checking Procedures for 2002 The 2002 ECP differ from the 2015 ECP's in many ways and it is important to stress that there is NO correlation between the 2002 ECP's and the 2015 ECP's

During the course reference will be made to Exemptions, these are time limited exemptions and are indicated in the 2002 Examiner Checking Procedures

A check list may be downloaded from the examiner pro-website

Where an exemption may be used is dependent on the age of the vessel.

Most exemptions are for vessels built before <u>16th June 1998</u>

During the course we will use the term. <u>'Old vessel'</u> for pre 16th June 1998, and the term <u>'New vessel'</u> for vessel's built after this date.

An exemption will follow similar wording as below..

Vessels manufactured prior to 16^{th} June 1988 having a fuel filling pipe of an internal diameter of at least 32mm (1¼) are not required to comply with that part of the standard 2.2 which requires that a fuel filling pipe shall have an internal diameter of at least 38mm (1½).

You will note that the 2002 Examination Checking Procedures are <u>not</u> laid out in the same way as the 2015 checks

The 2002 checks follow the format of the standard which is indicated in bold text followed by the **ECP No.** which are the checks to be completed by examiners

In the event a BSS fault is determined and in circumstances where the operator expresses an intention to contest the fault and can point to compliance with the requirements of a published British or International standard then the matter should be reported to the BSS Office.

Glossary of terms

For the purpose of the 2002 ECP's only the following shall mean: Accessible.. Capable of being reached for inspection, removal or maintenance without removal of any structure.

(Note.. Hatches are not regarded as permanent craft structure in this sense, even if tools such as wrenches or screwdrivers are needed to open them. Hatches for inspection or maintenance of dual tanks may be covered by uncut carpet, provided that all tank fittings can be inspected and maintained through other openings) (Source: BS EN ISO 10088:2001)

Glossary of terms

Battery Compartment.. An enclosure specifically designed to contain the batteries only

Commercial Vessel.... Anything which is solely used as a tug, work boat or for the carriage of goods

Cruising waterway.... A Watercourse which is principally available for cruising, fishing and other recreational purposes (Source Transport act 1968)

Glossary of terms

Manually Propelled vessel.. A vessel or craft of every description which is wholly and exclusively propelled by non mechanical means and does not carry nor is fitted with auxiliary engines as an optional means of propulsion.

Open vessel... a vessel in which all accommodation is completely open to the elements

Passenger carrying vessel.. A vessel which requires a passenger certificate under the merchant shipping Acts

Glossary of terms

Privately owned boat.. Any pleasure craft not being a hire boat (source: British waterways Act 1971)

Readily accessible.. Capable of being reached for operation, inspection or maintenance without removal of any craft structure or use of any tools or removal of any item of portable equipment stowed in places intended for storage of portable equipment such as lockers, drawers or shelves (Source: BS EN ISO 10088)

Glossary of terms

Sailing vessel..A vessel or craft of every description which is
wholly and exclusively propelled by sail and does
not carry nor is fitted with an auxiliary engine as
an optional means of propulsion

Sanitation system.. A system comprising equipment designed for installation on board a vessel, to receive, retain, treat or discharge sewage, and equipment using any process to treat such sewage (Source: BS MA 101)

Glossary of terms

Sewage.. Human body wastes and the wastes from toilets intended to receive or treat human body wastes (Source; BS MA 101)

Review and Discuss